

Assessment Run B31 2021 HER2 IHC

Purpose

Evaluation of the analytical accuracy of HER2 IHC tests performed by the NordiQC participants for demonstration and establishment of the HER2 protein expression level in breast carcinomas. The HER2 IHC assays PATHWAY® (Ventana/Roche) and HercepTest™ (Dako/Agilent) were used as reference standard methods, and accuracy was evaluated in five breast carcinomas with the dynamic and critical relevant expression levels of HER2. The obtained score in NordiQC is indicative of the performance of the IHC tests used by the participants, but due to the limited number and composition of samples, internal validation and extended quality control, e.g. regularly measuring the HER2 results, is necessary and recommended.

Material

The slide to be stained for HFR2 comprised the following 5 materials#:

	IHC:			
1. Breast carcinoma, no. 1	2+	2.4-2.6 (amplified)		
2. Breast carcinoma, no. 2	1-2+	1.1-1.5 (unamplified)		
3. Breast carcinoma, no. 3	0-1+	1.3-1.5 (unamplified		
4. Breast carcinoma, no. 4	3+	>6.0 (clusters) (amplified)		
5. Breast carcinoma, no. 5	3+	>6.0 (clusters) (amplified)		



^{*} HER2 immunohistochemical score (see table below) as achieved by using the two FDA / CE-IVD approved HER2 IHC assays, HercepTest™ (SK001, Dako/Agilent) and PATHWAY® (790-2991, Ventana/Roche), in NordiQC reference laboratories.

** HER2 gene/chromosome 17 ratios achieved using ZytoLight® SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color FISH (Zytovision) in NordiQC reference laboratories.

Same donor materials as in run B30

All carcinomas were fixed for 24-48 h in 10% neutral buffered formalin.

IHC scoring system according to the 2018 ASCO/CAP guidelines:

	g by brown according to the bold his configuration.
Score 0	No staining is observed or membrane staining that is incomplete and is
	faint/barely perceptible and in ≤10% of tumor cells.
Score 1+	Incomplete membrane staining that is faint/barely perceptible and in >10% of tumor cells.
Score 2+	Weak to moderate complete membrane staining observed in >10% of tumor cells.
Score 3+	Circumferential membrane staining that is complete, intense, and in >10% of tumor cells*.

^{*}Readily appreciated using a low-power objective and observed within a homogeneous and contiguous invasive cell population.

Criteria for assessing a HER2 staining as **optimal** were:

- Staining corresponding to score 0 or 1+ in carcinoma no. 3.
- Staining corresponding to score 1+ or 2+ in carcinoma no. 2.
- Staining corresponding to score 2+ or 3+ in carcinoma no. 1.
- Staining corresponding to score 3+ in carcinoma no. 4 and 5.
- No or only weak cytoplasmic reaction that did not interfere with the interpretation.

Staining was assessed as **good**, if (1) the HER2 gene amplified tumours no. 4 and 5 showed a 2+ reaction and the other breast carcinomas showed reaction pattern as described above (equivocal 2+ IHC staining should always be analyzed by ISH according to the ASCO/CAP guidelines) **or** (2) a less distinct and/or reduced number of neoplastic cells were demonstrated in the HER2 2+ gene amplified tumour no. 1 compared to the NordiQC reference standards determined by HercepTestTM and PATHWAY® **or** (3) a 2+ reaction was seen in the HER2 gene unamplified 0/1+ tumour no. 3.

Staining was assessed as **borderline**, if the signal-to-noise ratio was low, e.g., because of moderate cytoplasmic reaction, excessive counterstaining or impaired morphology hampering the interpretation.

Staining was assessed as **poor** in case of a false negative staining (e.g., the IHC 3+ tumours or the 2+

tumour with HER2 gene amplification showing a 0 or 1+ reaction) **or** a false positive staining (e.g. the IHC 2+ tumour without HER2 gene amplification showing a 3+ reaction).

Participation

Number of laboratories registered for HER2, run B31	405
Number of laboratories returning slides	362 (89%)

The number of laboratories returning slides has decreased in this run B31 compared to previous assessments, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and associated postal delays. All slides returned after the assessment were assessed and received advice if the result being insufficient but the results were not included in this report.

Results

In total 362 laboratories participated in this assessment and 92% achieved a sufficient mark (optimal or good).

The overall pass rate was identical to the level seen in the latest assessment Run B30, 2020 In this assessment, the two FDA-/CE-IVD approved HER2 IHC assays from Ventana/Roche, PATHWAY® 790-2991 and HER2/4B5 790-4493 and HercepTest™ GE001, Dako/Agilent, were most successful and provided a high pass rate superior to both HercepTest™ (SK001, Dako/Agilent), Oracle™ (Leica Biosystems) and LDTs as illustrated in Graph 1.

Assessment marks for IHC HER2 assays and HER2 antibodies are summarized in Table 1.

Graph 1. Pass rates of the HER2 IHC assessments in the NordiOC breast cancer module 80 500 70 (%) 60 rate 50 Pass 300 40 30 200 20 100 10 B11 B12 B13 B14 B15 B16 B17 B18 B19 B20 B21 B22 B23 B24 B25 B26 B27 B28 B29 B30 B31 2018 HercepTest™ SK001 Number of participants HercepTest™ GE001 PATHWAY® - rmAb 4B5/CONFIRM™ - Oracle™ Laboratory Dev. · · · · Total

Table 1. Assessment marks for IHC assays and antibodies run B31, HER2 IHC

IVD approved HER2 assays	n	Vendor	Optimal	Good	Borderline	Poor	Suff. ¹	OR ²
PATHWAY® rmAb clone 4B5 , 790-2991 , (VRPS) ⁴	24	Ventana/Roche	22	2	-	-	100%	92%
PATHWAY® rmAb clone 4B5 , 790-2991 , (LMPS) ⁵	114	Ventana/Roche	106	7	-	1	99%	93%
rmAb clone 4B5 , 790-4493 , (VRPS) ⁴	15	Ventana/Roche	15	-	-	-	100%	100%
rmAb clone 4B5 , 790-4493 , (LMPS) ⁵	75	Ventana/Roche	70	4	1	-	99%	93%
HercepTest™, pAb SK001, (VRPS)⁴	21	Dako/Agilent	11	6	-	4	81%	52%
HercepTest™, pAb SK001, (LMPS) ⁵	9	Dako/Agilent	6	1	-	2	78%	67%
HercepTest™, rmAb DG44 GE001, (VRPS) ⁴	10	Dako/Agilent	8	2	-	-	100%	80%
Oracle™ mAb clone CB11 , TA9145 , (VRPS) ⁴	2	Leica Biosystems	-	1	-	1	-	-
Oracle™ mAb clone CB11 , TA9145 , (LMPS) ⁵	4	Leica Biosystems	1	2	-	1	-	-

Antibodies ³ for laboratory developed HER2 assays, conc. antibody	ed HER2 assays, Vendor		Optimal	Good	Borderline	Poor	Suff. ¹	OR ²
mAb clone CB11	1 Leica Biosystems		-	-	-	1	-	-
rmAb clone BP6020	1	1 Bailing Biotechnology		1	-	-	-	-
rmAb clone EP3	2 1 1 1 1	Cell Marque Epitomics BioGenex Biocare Medical Diagnostic Biosystems	3	1	-	2	67%	50%
rmAb clone SP3	7 Thermo Fisher Scientific 4 Cell Marque 3 Zytomed 1 enQuire		-	8	4	3	53%	0%
rmAb clone ZR5	1	Zeta	-	1	-	-	-	-
pAb , A0485	52	Dako/Agilent	29	17	2	4	88%	56%
mAb clone IHC042	1	GenomeMe	1	-	-	-	-	-
rmAb clone RM228	1	RevMab Bioscience	1	-	-	-	-	-
Antibodies for laboratory developed HER2 assays, RTU		Vendor	Optimal	Good	Borderline	Poor	Suff. ¹	OR ²
Ab clone MXR001 Kit-0043	2	Maixin	-	2	-	-	-	-
mAb clone CB11 , PA0983	1	Leica	-	-	-	1	-	-
Ab clone GR011 , 8362-C010	3	Sakura Finetek	-	3	-	-	-	-
rmAb clone SP3 , MAD-000308QD	1	Master Diagnostica	-	1	-	-	-	-
rmAb clone SP3 , 237R-17	3	Cell Marque	-	3	-	-	-	_
Total	362		273	62	7	20		
Proportion			75%	17%	2%	6%	92%	

- 1) Suff.; Proportion of sufficient stains (optimal or good).
- 2) OR; Proportion of optimal results.
- 3) mAb: mouse monoclonal antibody, rmAb: rabbit monoclonal antibody, pAb: polyclonal antibody.
- 4) VRPS; Vendor Recommended Protocol Settings RTU system used in compliance to protocol settings and package insert.
 5) LMPS; Laboratory Modified Protocol settings RTU system used by modified protocol settings focusing on retrieval conditions, Ab
- 5) LMPS; Laboratory Modified Protocol settings RTU system used by modified protocol settings focusing on retrieval conditions, Abincubation time, detection system and IHC platform.

Detailed Analysis IVD approved assays

PATHWAY® rmAb clone **4B5** (790-2991, Ventana/Roche): In total, 128 of 138 (93%) protocols were assessed as optimal. Protocols with optimal results were typically based on Heat Induced Epitope Retrieval (HIER) in Cell Conditioning 1 (CC1) (efficient heating time 16-64 min.) on BenchMark XT, GX or Ultra, 12-32 min. incubation of the primary Ab and iView or UltraView as detection kit. Using these protocol settings, 133 of 134 (99%) laboratories produced a sufficient staining result (optimal or good).

rmAb clone **4B5** (790-4493, Ventana/Roche): In total, 85 of 90 (94%) protocols were assessed as optimal. Protocols with optimal results were typically based on HIER in CC1 (efficient heating time 32-64 min.) on BenchMark XT, GT or Ultra, 12-32 min. incubation of the primary Ab and UltraView as detection system. Using these protocol settings, 88 of 89 (99%) laboratories produced a sufficient staining result.

HercepTest™ pAb (SK001, Dako/Agilent): In total, 17 of 30 (57%) protocols were assessed as optimal. Protocols with optimal results were typically based on HIER in HercepTest™ epitope retrieval solution at 97-99°C for 20-40 min. in a water bath or PT Link, 30 min. incubation of the primary Ab and SK001 Polymer as detection system. Using these protocol settings, 18 of 23 (78%) laboratories produced a sufficient staining result.

HercepTest™ rmAb clone **DG44** (GE001, Dako/Agilent): In total, 8 of 10 (80%) protocols were assessed as optimal. Protocols with optimal results were all based on the recommended protocol settings using HIER in HercepTest™ epitope retrieval solution at 97°C for 30 min., 10 min. incubation of the primary Ab and

GE001 Polymer as detection system. Using these protocol settings, 10 of 10 (100%) laboratories produced a sufficient staining result.

Table 2 summarizes the proportion of sufficient and optimal marks for the most commonly used IVD approved assays. The performance was evaluated both as "true" plug-and-play systems performed accordingly to the vendor recommendations and by laboratory modified systems changing basal protocol settings. Only protocols performed on the specific IHC stainer device are included.

Table 2. Comparison of pass rates for vendor recommended and laboratory modified protocols

CDx assay		ommended settings*	Laboratory modified protocol settings**			
	Sufficient	Optimal	Sufficient	Optimal		
Ventana BenchMark XT, GX, Ultra PATHWAY® rmAb 4B5, 790-2991	24/24 (100%)	22/24 (92%)	109/110 (99%)	103/110 (94%)		
Ventana BenchMark XT, GX, Ultra rmAb 4B5, 790-4493	15/15 (100%)	15/15 (100%)	73/74 (99%)	69/74 (93%)		
Dako Autostainer Link 48+ HercepTest™ pAb SK001	17/21 (81%)	11/21 (52%)	1/3	1/3		
Dako Omnis HercepTest™ rmAb DG44, GE001	10/10 (100%)	8/10 (80%)	-	-		
Leica Bond MAX, III Oracle™ mAb CB11. TA9145	1/2	0/2	3/4	1/4		

^{*} Protocol settings recommended by vendor – Retrieval method & conditions, Ab incubation times, detection kit, IHC stainer/equipment.

** Modifications included: retrieval method, retrieval duration, retrieval reagents, Ab incubation time and detection kit. Only protocols performed on the specified vendor IHC stainer were included.

Concentrated antibodies for laboratory developed (LD) assays

pAb, **A0485**: 29 of 52 (56%) protocols were assessed as optimal. Optimal protocols were based on HIER using either Target Retrieval Solution (TRS) low pH (Dako/Agilent) (16/25*), TRS High pH (Dako/Agilent) (8/15), CC1 (Ventana/Roche) (3/6), Novocastra Epitope Retrieval Solution pH 6 (Leica) (1/1) or unknown (1/1). The Ab was diluted in the range of 1:100-1,600 depending on the level of the total technical sensitivity of the protocol employed. Using these protocol settings, 44 of 48 (92%) laboratories produced a sufficient staining result.

Table 3 summarizes the overall proportion of optimal staining results when using the most frequently used concentrated Abs on the most commonly used IHC stainer platforms.

Table 3. Optimal results for HER2 for the most commonly used antibody as concentrate on the four main IHC

Systems								
Concentrated antibodies	Dako Agilent Autostainer		Dako Agilent Omnis		Bencl	a/Roche nMark ' / Ultra	Leica Bond III / Max	
	TRS pH High	TRS pH Low pH	TRS High pH	TRS Low pH	CC1 pH 8.5	CC2 pH 6.0	BERS2 pH 9.0	BERS1 pH 6.0
pAb clone A0485	3/9** (33%)	4/8 (50%)	5/6 (83%)	12/17 (71%)	3/6 (50%)	-	0/3	-

^{*} Antibody concentration applied as listed above, HIER buffers and detection kits used as provided by the vendors of the respective platforms.

Comments

In this NordiQC assessment B31 for HER2, an overall and very satisfactory pass rate of 92% was observed which was identical to the level seen in the latest run, B30 2020.

The insufficient results were primarily characterized by a false negative staining reaction being observed in 74% (20 of 27). Virtually all laboratories were able to demonstrate the expected HER2 3+ staining reaction in the breast carcinomas, tissue cores no. 4 and 5, with high level gene amplification, whereas false negative staining results were particularly and most critically observed as a 0/1+ IHC staining reaction in the HER2 gene amplified breast carcinoma, tissue core no. 1. This tumour was categorized as IHC 2+ in the NordiQC reference laboratories using the two FDA/CE-IVD HER2 IHC assays: PATHWAY® (Ventana/Roche) and HercepTest™ (Dako/Agilent) and showed HER2 gene amplification (ratio 2.4-2.6) by FISH

In 7% (2 of 27) of the insufficient results a false positive staining reaction was seen, characterized by a 3+ IHC result in the breast carcinoma, tissue core no. 2, expected to show a 1+ or 2+ IHC result and was not HER2 gene amplified.

^{* (}number of optimal results/number of laboratories using this HIER buffer)

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In the remaining insufficient results, a poor signal-to-noise ratio was seen and characterized by an excessive cytoplasmic staining reaction compromising the interpretation of the specific HER2 membranous reaction.

73% of the participants (n=263) used FDA/CE-IVD approved companion diagnostic (CDx) HER2 IHC assays as PATHWAY® (Ventana/Roche), HercepTest $^{\text{TM}}$ (Dako/Agilent) and Oracle $^{\text{TM}}$ (Leica) on the specified stainer with predictive claim for HER2 status in breast cancer. 11 laboratories used an approved assay on another platform than specified by the vendor, while the remaining laboratories used a laboratory developed test (LDT) based on a concentrated primary Ab or a RTU format without a predictive claim.

The Ventana/Roche PATHWAY® HER2 IHC assays 790-2991 and 790-4493 were used by 63% of all participants (n=228). Overall, a pass rate of 99% was observed and 93% were optimal. In both the previous and this assessment, the pass rates and proportion of optimal results for laboratories using these two IHC assays as "plug-and-play" and strictly compliant to the recommended protocol settings or using modified protocols were fully comparable as seen in Table 1 and 2. Despite this observation, it is still highly recommended to use the assays strictly in concordance to the instructions and guidelines provided by the vendor, as e.g. in run B28 it was shown that both the pass rate and proportion of optimal results were reduced for laboratories modifying the protocols. More data can be found at; https://www.nordigc.org/downloads/assessments/123 11.pdf

In contrast to run B29, it was observed that an increased number of participants used OptiView or UltraView with amplification for the HER2 IHC assays 790-2991 and 790-4493 substituting iView or UltraView as recommended by Ventana/Roche. In this run 11% of the laboratories used one of the two HER2 CDx assays in combination with either OptiView or UltraView with amplification, which was the same level seen in run B28. In run B28 this modification frequently induced an insufficient result characterized by a false positive HER2 reaction in a 2+, HER2 gene unamplified breast carcinoma. This underlines that modifications of CDx assays should be meticulously validated by the end-users on a large cohort of breast carcinomas (e.g. n=100). This has been addressed by ASCO/CAP in both the 2013 guidelines for HER2 testing and the 2020 guidelines for ER/PR testing and in particular in detail by Torlakovic et al; "Evolution of Quality Assurance for Clinical Immunohistochemistry in the Era of Precision Medicine Part 3: Technical Validation of Immunohistochemistry", AIMM 2017;25:151–159

The Dako/Agilent HercepTest™ CDx assay SK001 for Dako Autostainer Link 48 provided an overall pass rate of 83% and was used by 30 participants. The vast majority of laboratories used the IHC CDx assay in concordance with the recommended protocol settings from Dako/Agilent, with a pass rate of 81%, 52% optimal (see Table 2).

The recently launched Dako/Agilent HercepTest™ CDx assay for Dako Omnis based on the rmAb clone DG44 provided a pass rate of 100%, 80% optimal results, and was used by 10 participants. As seen in Table 2, all laboratories used the assay by vendor recommended protocol settings.

In this HER2 IHC assessment, 24% of the participants used LDTs based on concentrated Ab formats or generic RTU Abs without intended use or predictive claim for HER2 demonstration in breast carcinoma to guide decision with treatment with Herceptin or similar drugs. Overall, the LDTs provided a pass rate of 81% (71 of 88) and 39% optimal (34 of 88).

The pAb A0485 from Dako/Agilent was most widely used and applied with optimal protocol settings as described above, a pass rate of 88% was obtained.

Slight surprisingly, the rmAb clone SP3 as concentrate was found less successful. In this assessment run B31, no optimal results were obtained as shown in Table 1 irrespectively applying similar protocol settings as e.g for the pAb A0485.

In this assessment, the FDA-/CE-IVD approved HER2 IHC CDx assays PATHWAY® /4B5 from Ventana/Roche and HercepTest™, GE001 Dako/Agilent were most successful and provided a high pass rate superior to both other CDx assays as HercepTest™, SK001 Dako/Agilent and Oracle™, Leica Biosystems and also LDTs as illustrated in Graph 1.

The proportion of laboratories using the FDA-/CE-IVD approved HER2 IHC assays and LDTs is very consistent. In this run, 24% of the participants (n=88) used LDTs compared to 23-31% in the latest assessments.

Scoring consensus B31

Laboratories were requested to submit scores (0, 1+, 2+ or 3+) on the NordiQC homepage of their own HER2 stained slides. This was done by 84% (305 of 362) of the participants returning slides. For 229 of the 305 (75%) responding participants, scores for all the tissues in the multi-tissue sections were in concordance with the NordiQC assessor group using the ASCO/CAP 2018 scoring guidelines. This was on par to the level of 77% observed in run B30 but lower compared to run B29 where 93% of the scores were in consensus with the NordiOC assessor group.

Among laboratories with sufficient staining, 78% (222 of 284) of the scoring read-outs were in agreement with the NordiQC assessors. Disagreement was primarily related to the scoring of the HER2 status in breast carcinoma, tissue core no. 5. This was characterized as 3+ both by the NordiQC reference standard methods and by the vast majority of all participants. The membranes of neoplastic cells in the tumour, however were less intense compared to the breast carcinoma, tissue core no. 4, being very intense, but both tumours should be scored as 3+, accordingly to the ASCO/CAP 2018 scoring guidelines. Among participants with insufficient staining results, 37% were in consensus with the NordiOC assessor group (7 of 19). For this group the disagreement primarily was related to the scoring of the breast carcinoma, tissue core no. 1. The results submitted to NordiQC was scored as 1+ by NordiQC assessor team and typically as 2+ by the participant. The NordiQC assessment was primarily based on strict adherence to the ASCO/CAP guidelines but also to the level expected and characterized by the two HER2 IHC reference standard methods.

Conclusion

The FDA-/CE-IVD approved HER2 IHC assays PATHWAY®/4B5 790-2991/790-4493 from Ventana/Roche and HercepTest™, GE001 Dako/Agilent were in this assessment the most accurate and successful assays for the semi-quantitative IHC determination of HER2 protein expression in breast carcinoma. Laboratory developed assays based on concentrated formats especially rmAb clone SP3 provided a lower pass rate and reduced proportion of optimal results.

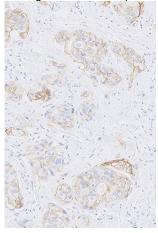
Inclusion of 2+ tumours with and without HER2 gene amplification in the control material for both EQA and internal quality control seems to be essential to evaluate accuracy, precision and reproducibility of the HER2 IHC assays used by laboratories.

Figs. 1a and 1b – optimal staining results, same protocol

Figs. 2a and 2b - insufficient staining results - false negative, same protocol

Figs. 3a and 3b – insufficient staining results – false positive, same protocol







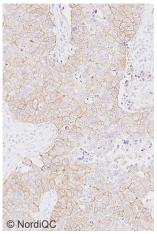


Left: Optimal staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 5 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of > 6.0. > 10% of the neoplastic cells show a strong and complete

membranous staining reaction corresponding to 3+. Right: Optimal staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 1 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of 2.4-2.6. > 10% of the neoplastic cells show a weak to moderate and complete membranous staining reaction corresponding membranous staining reaction corresponding to 0. to 2+.

Fig. 1b.

Left: Optimal staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 2 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of 1.1-1.5. > 10% of the neoplastic cells show a weak complete membranous staining reaction corresponding to 2+. Right: Optimal staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 3 with a HER2 / chr17 ratio of 1.3-1.5. < 10% of the neoplastic cells show a faint, partial



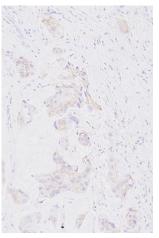


Fig. 2a.

Left: Staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 5 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of > 6.0.

> 10% of the neoplastic cells show a strong complete membranous staining reaction corresponding to 2+. Right: **Insufficient staining result** for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 1 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of 2.4-2.6

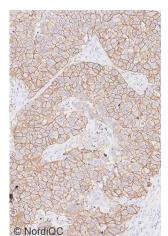
> 10% of the neoplastic cells show a weak to moderate, incomplete membranous staining reaction corresponding to 1+ (the core was scored as 1+ both by the participant and NordiQC).





Fi.g 2b.

Left: Staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 2 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of 1.1-1.5. < 10% of the neoplastic cells show a weak partial membranous staining reaction corresponding to 0. Right: Staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 3 with a HER2 / chr17 ratio of 1.3-1.5. No staining reaction is seen corresponding to 0.



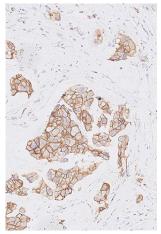


Fig. 3a.

Left: Staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 5 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of > 6.0.

> 10% of the neoplastic cells show an intense and complete membranous staining reaction corresponding to 3+.

Right: Staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 1 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of 2.4-2.6

The membranes of the neoplastic cells are showing a 3+ reaction.

However, compare with Figs. 3b – insufficient results obtained.





Fig. 3b.

Left: **Insufficient staining result** for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 2 with a ratio of HER2 / chr17 of 1.1-1.5. > 10% of the neoplastic cells show a strong complete membranous staining reaction corresponding to 3+ (the core was scored as 3+ both by the participant and NordiQC).

Right: Insufficient Staining result for HER2 of the breast carcinoma no. 3 with a HER2 / chr17 ratio of 1.3-1.5. This tumour was by the NordiQC reference standard methods characterized as 0-1+ and by the protocol applied giving a 2+ status and additional need to reflex for ISH.

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